Study Guide and Intervention 3-2

Solving Systems of Equations Algebraically

Substitution To solve a system of linear equations by substitution, first solve for one variable in terms of the other in one of the equations. Then substitute this expression into the other equation and simplify.

Example Use substitution to solve the system of equations. 2x - y = 9x + 3y = -6

Solve the first equation for *y* in terms of *x*.

2x - y = 9First equation -y = -2x + 9Subtract 2x from both sides. y = 2x - 9Multiply both sides by -1.

Substitute the expression 2x - 9 for y into the second equation and solve for x.

x + 3y = -6Second equation x + 3(2x - 9) = -6Substitute 2x - 9 for y. x + 6x - 27 = -6**Distributive Property** 7x - 27 = -6Simplify. 7x = 21Add 27 to each side. x = 3Divide each side by 7.

Now, substitute the value 3 for x in either original equation and solve for y.

2x - y = 9First equation 2(3) - y = 9Replace x with 3. 6 - v = 9Simplify. -y = 3Subtract 6 from each side. v = -3Multiply each side by -1.

The solution of the system is (3, -3).

Exercises

Solve each system of equations by using substitution.

1. $3x + y = 7$	2. $2x + y = 5$	3. $2x + 3y = -3$
4x + 2y = 16	3x - 3y = 3	x + 2y = 2
4. $2x - y = 7$	5. $4x - 3y = 4$	6. $5x + y = 6$
6x - 3y = 14	2x + y = -8	3 - x = 0
7. $x + 8y = -2$	8. $2x - y = -4$	9. $x - y = -2$
x - 3y = 20	4x + y = 1	2x - 3y = 2
10. $x - 4y = 4$	11. $x + 3y = 2$	12. $2x + 2y = 4$
2x + 12y = 13	4x + 12y = 8	x - 2y = 0